

[PRICE \$21 PER MONTH]

INSTRUCTIONS.
W. AMOY TAN

con-
hina-
very in
KONG
- FIVE
ere in-
motors.

AGAO-
ED.

S.

UN, QUAN KEE,
AL ROAD, CANTON

NOTICE.
ON and after the 15th January, 1881, for Brokerage on all SHARE
HALF PER CENT. on the Full Amount to be paid by the Seller only.
W. M. MOORE
Broker

A R;
USE AND ESTAB

CAAO TED.	RENTS COLLECTED BROWN JONES & CO. UNDERTAKERS, MOURNING STATIONERY MONUMENTS ERECTED, 201 S. HOLLYWOOD ROAD
company a to the	A. YOUNG, SHIP CARPENTER, BOAT-BUILDER, CAULKER PAINTER.
OSTA.	

er at the late Rega
 , QUEENS R

P. N. L. N.
PHOTOGRAPHER
QUEEN'S ROAD, NO. 56, UPS.
 Opposite the Oriental Bank, Hong Kong.

SOLE OF PAGES:
 Cards, 6 pages, 1/2 Single Page, 1/2
 Cabinet Photos, 1/2 Single Page, 1/2
 3/4 Single Page, 1/2 Single Page, 1/2
 3/4 Single Page, 1/2 Single Page, 1/2

COMPASS DEVIATION IN LBS.
DESCRIBED PRACTICALLY
 By R. M. TAYLOR,
 Just published, and favourably not
 local Press in Hongkong and Sh
PRICE TWO DOLLARS
SOLD BY
 Messrs. LARS, ORAUFORD &
 FLEARS, 41 NEWTON ROAD,
 HONG KONG.
SOLE AGENTS
THE EAST ASIAN COMPANY

MMERT, ATKIN
kang. 30th Novem

Weekly
Tokio on
er Year.
h or part
& Co.
K S

NOTICE.
M. R. J. PENATI, PROFESSOR
now residing in Museo, visits Hongk
DAYS A WEEK, viz. Monday, Tu
We Monday, to give **LESSONS** on
and **SINGING.** Letters can be add
of Messrs. LANE, CRAWFORD & CO

A CARD.
P. F. DA SILVA,
GENERAL COMMISSIONER
TAKAO and TAIWAN
3m 1886, Takao, November, 1887

SEPTEMBER 1941

CONSIGNEES of Cargo by
Steamer are hereby informed
Goods are being landed and stored
in the Godowns of the Unders
whence delivery may be obtained.
Consignees wishing to take delivery
Goods from the boats alongside the
at liberty to do so.
Goods remaining in store after
will be subject to rent.
Optional Cargo will be forward
notice to the contrary is given until

ding will be count
Wm. PUS

118, Hongkong, 17th January.

FROM LONDON, PENANG,
SINGAPORE.

THE Steamship *Egeria*, Paul
having arrived, Consignees
are hereby informed that the
being landed and stored at the
Underground into their Godowns
from the Wharf or Cargo will be delivered
tained.

Optional Cargo will be forward
to the consignee to be given by
TO DAY, the 17th instant.

Goods remaining unclaimed at
instant will be subject to rat.

No Fire Insurance has been offered
Bills of Lading will be countersigned
SIEMSS.

Ag
74 115 Hongkong, 17th January
STEAMSHIP *ESMERALDA*,
MANILA.

NEES of Cargo pe
reby requested to

EN	\$8	Cargo impeding the discharge will be landed and stored by the at Consignees' risk and expense, A. MacG.
AC	\$5.50	
	\$4.50	
...	\$9	112 Hongkong, 15th January
RY	\$10.25	TO CONSIGNEES OF OPTION EX O. S. S. CO.'S S.S. M FROM LIVERPOOL
LY	\$9	

nderseigned not late
ment per Steamer

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE
 100 Hongkong, 18th January

 OCEAN STEAMSHIP CO.

 CONSIGNEES per Compan
 MENELAUS are hereby n
 Cargo is being discharged into U
 at the Godowns of the Underm

ly for delivery from
d after the 13th Jan

Goods delivered to the
1876.
BUTTEFIELD & SWIN
94. Hoosier, 18th January
STEAMSHIP CO.
COMPAGNIE DES MESS
MARITIMES.
NOTICE
CONSIGNED OF Cargo p
GANGE, from London,
1876. No fire-ship Steamers, and
that their Goods are being land
their risks at the Company's Go
delivery may be obtained im
landings.
Optional Cargo will be forward
Information is received from the
here.
Bills of Lading will be counte
Goods remaining unclaimed a
the 12th January, at Noon, with
rent and landing charges.
No Fire Insurance has been e
Underwritten.
87 Hongkong, 11th January

convenience is being experienced by the
entire board. The *Shanghai Courier* has
been informed as follows: *The Peking* on her voyage
was obliged to leave part of her cargo at
Kinkiang, and after discharging what she
brought there, she for the purpose of
returning to Shanghai, *through Rock and Fire*
went to the *Yangtze* below Kinkiang and
is extending enroute.—*Shanghai Courier* Cor-
respondent.

WUHAN, 24th January.

I have again to record the departure of mis-
fortunate beings from this city, this time for
Kweichow. Their aim is Kwei-yang Fu, the
capital. I believe you may perhaps hear from
them in time through your correspondent in
Kweichow. The Chinese government can only tell
some recent creations. One unfortunate
as a soldier, lately come down from up the
river. He was at Han-yang and wishing to cross
the river, he was shot. The Chinese government
however, only laid the boat, and he is said that

[illegible]

that the great majority will sustain life. I say this, because I fear, from things I have heard, that there is a misapprehension on the part of some.

18th December.

In view of money already received by some of the missionaries of Tientsin, and the contributions of the laity, and of other contributions offered, or which may be given for the same purpose, to make up the deficit, I have, at 10 o'clock this morning, taken into consideration the best method of using whatever funds may be placed at their disposal. The following have been named: Messrs. Moss and Owsen, were also present, and brought \$570 contributed by the foreign residents. Referring to all the contributions, I have been circulating in Tientsin. The meeting was also informed that money was being raised in Shanghai. After listening to the various reports, and the suggestions for suffering in certain districts, especially in Lanchow and Shantung, and discussing ways and methods, a Committee consisting of one member from each of the four missions, and one layman at Tientsin, was appointed to receive and distribute the fund. The committee is composed of

to the general management of the camp. Richman says that the camp has been "overrun" by large quantities of aluminum into the camp, whereby quite a number of persons are said to have died. He is now in prison, awaiting his sentence and is not permitted to see his family. In connection with the demonstrations last summer, when Governor Linn was about to go to Ohio, Richman says that the leaders at the time were the "Turkish Massacre."

The last two or three days have been very cold. — *N. C. Daily News Correspondent.*

St. Louis, Mo., Feb. 20, 1935.

It is the general verbiage of that trustworthiness and absolute class of the community, known as the aboriginal inhabitants, that there were never any of these things in the past. It is the present time. A few years since, in the days of extensive goods, every unoccupied spot was a place of business. The city was a place above high water mark, to wit, on the city wall. But the sufferers in that day were not from such remote points as now. The most extravagant of the city were the most extravagant. They are formed and circulated with the greatest freedom, but as nobody knows on what basis they are based, they are not to be taken into account. The very spirit is returned, at all hours of the day, to the city.

night. A great number of places for the distribution of seeds and miller have been opened, and additions to the number are frequent. No doubt, the Government will be enabled to supply the people with seed, and to relieve them, therefore, except the poor people who go moaning about with wooden labels tied around their necks like lost dogs, patiently awaiting the hour when they will be able to procure seed in connection with the relief of the poor, has formed within the past two weeks a staple item of conversation every where. A villager named Kharab, who has been a miller for many years in the north zone, and who acquired a sufficient amount of money many years since in connection with the expulsion of the rebels to appoint himself superintendent of the distribution of miller in a certain district, by the Tentorial Court, has had exercised in his mind the idea of becoming a miller himself. On the 26th of the tenth moon, he got to Tientsin. A chair bearer of the "Miao," being hungry, asked for a bowl of miller, which he gave him. Kharab, however, did not give him any, but rebuffed him, and became so ill that the attention of the Magistrate was directed to him, and he enquired the cause. On learning that he had been refused a bowl of miller, he found out that he was to be wholly cut off from eating, being arrogantly charged with powdered

violent gripping pain, and it is said, in some instances, producing death. The man Tsao, who was the first to suffer from the case looked into a mirror, when it was found—see the story goes that—out of two hundred diols of grain passing through his hands he had contributed only 100 to the cause. The photograph of whom it was originally purchased, 70 pence. The Tao-tai on receiving the diol paid him surprised, and he was very grateful for the gift. He was not only bent on the confinement of the guilty individual, although benefited by numerous petitions for his pardon. He was also bent on the recovery of the 300 dollars has been raised among the foreign residents of Tientsin, for the relief of the Shantung poor, and about 6700 had been already received. The Tao-tai was very much pleased with the support of this aim and it to be entrusted to members of the English Methodist Mission, who have been eye-witnesses of the distress, and whose mission is to relieve the suffering. The Tao-tai, Mr. Hsing Hien is the very centre of the suffering region. A committee consisting of the senior pastor of each of the four missionary societies in Tientsin, and the Tao-tai, were appointed for the purpose of consulting in reference to the further need and the best use to which any additional subscriptions may be put.

